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Column One
By David Courtney

THE other day, in mild weather and an atmosphere of amiability, President Eisenhower and Sir Anthony Eden talked and talked, with the world at the keyhole. It was all very important. At about the same time, Mr. Molotov, together with Marshals this and that and other delegates of the Warsaw Pact countries, talked and talked, with the world at the keyhole. But if you think that this was all, of importance, that was going on round about that time you are in error.

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FOR at Moreton-in-Marsh, a village of Gloucestershire in England, there was also a great deal of talking and talking upon which the fate of the parish council of Moreton-in-Marsh depends. Now, German unification is one thing, Formosa another, the Negev a third; but the question of the duckpond of Moreton-in-Marsh should not be passed over lightly, any more than the question of the Baghdad Pact in relation to the people of Jordan. Democracy is democracy whatever the size of the duckpond; and rebellion is rebellion whether carried out by four or five hundred parishioners or by the Argentinian navy.

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MORETON-IN-MARSH is a quiet little place in a green valley with a muddy duckpond, half of which is the property of the parish council and therefore of the parishioners and half of which belongs to a private owner. The private owner has wanted to buy the council's half, fill up the whole duckpond and build upon the site a couple of ugly garages. The council, after considering the offer, decided to accept. The angry parishioners then organized themselves and marched to the duckpond, shouting defiance in unison with the quacking of the ducks; formed a committee, called in the law to their aid, and drafted a letter to the chairman of the council demanding that he convene a special parish meeting at which a resolution would be put calling upon the council to resign.

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THE parishioners of Moreton-in-Marsh are in ugly mood. To the best of my knowledge and belief Moscow has had no hand in their uprising. The duckpond means to them what tea once meant to the Bostonians. To the ducks of Moreton-in-Marsh it means what—let me see—what Eilat means to the Israelis. King Charles never meant to Cromwell more than the man who wants to build lock-up garages means to the people of Moreton-in-Marsh; and as for the Parish Council, whatever bauble it may have in the likeness of Parliament's Mace, away with it, cry these duckpond revolutionaries.

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AND the whole point of all this is not so much that the duckpond of Moreton-in-Marsh is as important as, say, the problems handled by the Washington Conference or the Prague Conference, but that many of the problems handled by these two conferences are about on a level with that of the duckpond of Moreton-in-Marsh. Or let me say, that the parish council and the angry parishioners are not below the level of the grand State and international councils that sit on period chairs in period chambers and, for the most part, talk period policies. Besides, where would a nation be if it were not for its parishioners? For that matter, drive the duck from its village duckpond today and tomorrow the flag itself is driven from great oceans.

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IN brief, Democracy begins at the parish pump — or, in the phraseology now current at Moreton-in-Marsh, at the duckpond. You may think it a pity that it never gets much farther than that. Well, so do I. But at least it can be said that where there is a virile duckpond democracy, there is a good chance of virile national democracy. For my part I think it would be an excellent idea to transfer the 500 or so parishioners of Moreton-in-Marsh to the House of Commons, or even to the United Nations General Assembly (together with all duckpond revolutionaries of whatever country); for then we might all, from ducks to dachshunds, from Zulus to Novo Zemblians, from you to me, be left to splash about in our own little ponds instead of being "pushed about" in the name of progress or policy or the U.N. Charter or whatever it is that we are always being "pushed about" in the name of.

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ANYWAY, warm hearts the world over will beat today with the parishioners of Moreton-in-Marsh, whose duckpond cannot but become another Runnymede.

Jerusalem, February 6.

Australia to Refuse Begin Entry Permit

CANBERRA, Sunday (UP). — The Immigration Department will refuse permission to enter Australia for the leader of the Herut Party in Israel, Mr. Menahem Begin, who applied for an entry visa to the country in 1953 and was then turned down. It is said that he is seeking to enter Australia for a lecture tour combined with a fund-raising drive.

The Immigration Department, in considering the application, took into consideration Mr. Begin's implication when leader of the underground Irgun Zvai Leumi, in the killing of two British Army sergeants in 1947.

Ministers to Meet Staff on Eve Of Salary Strike

Jerusalem Post Staff

The Cabinet at its weekly session yesterday chose a Ministerial Committee to contact immediately the physicians in Government-employ and other civil servants in an effort to prevent their strike scheduled for tomorrow. The Committee will consist of Messrs. Barzilai, Eshkol, Shapiro and Mrs. Myerson.

In a statement last night, the Israel Medical Association reiterated its charge that the Government has broken faith with the doctors. Its leaders expressed scepticism at the outcome of the Ministerial negotiations. A meeting of the Association's Central Committee has been called for today in Jerusalem to discuss results of the negotiations. The Kupat Holim Doctors Association stated today that there was no change in their decision to participate in the strike.

In Tel Aviv, meanwhile, doctors, engineers and members of allied professions were completing preparations for the strike. At the premises of the Medical Association, which lists 3,000 physicians employed by institutions, instructions were being forwarded to branches. The unauthorized "Union of Engineers Committees" also met to make last minute arrangements for their mass meeting here this morning.

Union Leaders Busy

There was a bustle of activity in the Trade Union Department in the Histadrut Executive building where union leaders were making all efforts to avert the strikes. Officials of the Engineers Union visited a number of working places, including those of the Government, the Jewish Agency, Solel Boneh, the Municipality and Mekorot, to persuade the engineers not to strike. They said that a substantial number of engineers have already declared that they would not participate.

A meeting of the Histadrut-affiliated Association of Doctors unanimously condemned the strike as being unjustified, coming at a time of national emergency. It was declared that the latest salary proposals went a long way in meeting demands. Some hundred physicians, among them some of the country's leading doctors, heard addresses by leaders of the Histadrut including its Secretary General Mr. M. Namir, M.K., and a number of doctors. Means of opposing the strike were left to the decision of the secretariat.

The I.M.A. announced last night that during the strike medical services would be maintained in maternity and mental homes, prisons and children's hospitals, while there would be a Saturday skeleton service in other hospitals. Doctors working in border settlements have been exempted from the strike.

'Exemptions' Granted

The Coordinating Committee of the Organizations of Administrative and Academic Workers last night decided to exempt from participation in the strike Directors-General of Ministries, the Government Secretary, the Civil Service Commissioner and persons doing security work and essential work in the Foreign Ministry.

A spokesman for the Committee had earlier expressed the disappointment of the organizations at the fact that the Government persisted in its refusal to carry out the salary increases promised the workers months ago at a time when other workers were being granted increases.

The Committee called on the members of all its Organizations to oppose any pressure on them not to participate in the strike.

The Central Committee of the Israel Medical Association has published its claims in an advertisement on page 4 of this paper.

Cabinet Passes Budgets to Knesset

The Cabinet yesterday approved the ordinary and development budgets for the coming year. They will be presented to the Knesset for the first reading next week.

While details of the budgets will not be published before they are tabled in the Knesset this week, it is understood that the revenue will be essentially the same as last year with income tax receipts expected to reach IL185m. and other revenue items expected to increase slightly.

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, is said to have succeeded in keeping the total budget below IL800m. despite considerable pressure from Mapam for a higher Development appropriation to be covered by a special tax on capital. The Minister is also believed to have been successful in cutting administrative expenses and to have transferred the saving thus effected to defence needs.

The official communique stated: The Cabinet at its weekly session yesterday chose a ministerial committee which is immediately to contact the physicians and other civil servants to settle the wage problem and to prevent a strike.

The Ordinary and Development Budgets for next year were decided on, and they will be presented to the Knesset shortly.

ITALY ASSURES SYRIA

DAMASCUS, Sunday (UP). — The Italian Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Giuseppe Apolloni, informed Premier Said Ghazzi yesterday that Italy has not shipped arms to Israel, it was officially announced here.

Algiers Reinforced On Eve of Mollet's Visit

ALGIERS, Sunday. — Heavy troop reinforcements have been moved into the Algiers area in preparation for tomorrow's visit of Premier Guy Mollet. Hostile demonstrations have been threatened by French residents opposed to M. Mollet's plans for a "new deal" for Algeria.

The *colons* have also threatened to throw the newly-appointed Resident Minister for Algiers, General Georges Catroux, into the sea when he arrives here on February 10.

The powerful French settlers' organizations tonight called for a boycott of Premier Mollet. They appealed to Frenchmen in Algiers to go into "mourning," stage a stay-away strike, and shut down the city's businesses, schools and administration.

Spearheading the violent opposition to the Socialist Premier was the War Veterans Association. It was supported by associations of employers and businessmen, including restaurant owners, shopkeepers and bakers. So strong was the opposition to the Government that even the Algerian Association of Government Employees told its members that they could join the anti-Mollet movement if they wanted.

Four battalions of Foreign Legionnaires, 2,000 security police and a number of armoured cars and tanks were moved into the Algiers area over the weekend to deal with any outbreaks.

Secretary of State for War Max Lejeune today conferred with local military commanders over security measures for the Premier's visit.

May Stay Three Weeks

Speaking in the Town Hall of Anas, in Northern France, M. Mollet declared today that he would stay three weeks in Algeria if necessary to study the problems there and would do his best to prevent any more bloodshed.

M. Mollet's mission will be to convince the local French population of the necessity for his policy and to overcome their opposition to Gen. Catroux's appointment.

Meanwhile, local authorities lifted the curfew in Oran after two days of rioting in which one person was killed and eight wounded. Reports said the town was completely quiet today.

The Oran correspondent of "Le Monde" reported that during Friday's disturbances, demonstrators, provoked by the National Liberation Front, marched to a synagogue and sacked Jewish shops, which were singled out for attack. Seven Jewish jewellery shops were listed among those damaged.

Seven soldiers were wounded last night when a band of rebels attacked a military camp near Marnia, in western Algeria, according to first reports reaching Oran today. Rebels also blew up a bridge yesterday between Nemours and Nedroma in the same region.

(UP, Reuter)

No German Diplomatic Representation Due

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Reports that preparations were being made to establish a West German diplomatic mission of consular status in Israel were denied by the Foreign Ministry in Jerusalem yesterday. The spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* that the Ministry was "unaware of any such preparations" which had been reported by the afternoon Press.

It is understood, however, that a plan is being considered for the establishment of an office staffed by Germans to implement the Reparations Agreement. Such an office would deal with deliveries and with German experts, who are in Israel primarily for the purpose of instructing in the use of Reparations machinery.

It is believed that a decision on whether to set up such an office will be taken in a matter of weeks. An office will probably be working by Spring if the plan is found acceptable.

For the foreseeable future the question of diplomatic relations with Germany is not being taken up on the official level, it is learned, but this does not rule out the eventual possibility that a German mission will one day take its place in Israel's diplomatic corps, and that such a representation will evolve from contact through the Reparations Agreement.

(See Navia — Page 2)

LYDDA AIRPORT, Sunday. — "I will meet Dr. Konrad Adenauer, the West German Chancellor, next Wednesday, as well as some members of his Government," Dr. Nahum Goldmann, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, revealed before his departure for Bonn by T.W.A. today.

He will discuss the individual indemnity law and current Reparations questions.

BONN, CAIRO SIGN PAYMENTS ACCORD

Commercial negotiations between Egyptian and West German representatives ended yesterday with the conclusion of a payments agreement between two countries, according to Cairo Radio last night.

The agreement will cover the import by Egypt of heavy machinery against the export of agricultural products. It was also agreed that a debt of 15m. still outstanding will be paid by Egypt within five years.

Rifai Has 'Special' Message for Faisal

BAGHDAD, Sunday (Reuter). — Premier Samir Rifa'i of Jordan arrived for a one-day visit during which he was scheduled to deliver a special message from King Hussein to King Faisal expressing Jordan's desire for Arab unity.

Rifa'i was reported also proposing a meeting of Arab League Foreign Ministers to discuss a proposal by Egypt, Saudi Arabia and Syria to replace British financial aid to Jordan. He had already visited Damascus and Beirut on the same mission.

He was also said to be seeking agreement on a common stand on the Johnston plan for development of the Jordan River valley.

Rifa'i will return to Amman tomorrow and will take off for Cairo on Thursday.

Saudi Gold Found In Jordan Arms Hunt

The Arab Legion has sealed off an area in the Hebron region containing more than a dozen large villages and 100,000 inhabitants, in a large-scale search for arms, the Jordan paper, "El Jihad," reported yesterday on the occasion of the lifting of the military press censorship which began on January 16.

During the search of refugee camps, thousands of gold and silver Saudi Arabian coins were found, Arab Legion sources revealed troops also confiscated 88 rifles of French, Italian, English and German makes and thousands of newly minted silver coins in the possession of a man named Mohammed el Fadel Dawoud, who arrived three days before the riots began. The money and arms were smuggled through Syria and the Negev, the Legion sources added.

Rumours were current in Baghdad that the Arab rulers would meet before long in Beirut to discuss outstanding issues confronting the Arab world, and to establish full understanding and a unified policy in the interests of their respective states.

This was the view expressed in reliable Arab diplomatic quarters a few hours after the Jordan Premier's arrival.

Cairo Claims Refugees Selling Land in Israel

The Egyptian authorities in the Gaza Strip have uncovered activities among Arab refugees owning property in Israel who are selling their title-deeds to Israelis, the Old City daily, "El Jihad," reported yesterday.

The paper said that these documents are being smuggled across the border to Israel by special agents who turn them over to Israelis. Arab property owners are being driven to this action by extreme poverty. The authorities will take drastic steps to prevent the continuation of these operations, it was added.

Week of Frost Kills 155 In West Europe

LONDON, Sunday (UP). — A second cold front moved towards shivering Europe from the Arctic today as the continent struggled to thaw out from a week-long icy grip. The ominous prediction was for more cold.

Moscow Radio reported that it was 27 degrees below zero Fahrenheit in the Soviet capital this morning, a 20-degree drop from yesterday. The big freeze death toll rose to 155, as Europeans worked desperately from Scandinavia to Sicily to keep communications open. A new cold wave would bring new suffering and cause a new drain on gas and coal stocks which are very low in Western Europe.

43 Dead in France

France topped the cold wave casualty list with 43 deaths, Italy followed with 25 and Britain with 24. Fifty thousand plumbers were estimated to have worked in Britain this weekend repairing burst pipes which left many homes without water for three days. Moscow Radio said that all schools will be closed tomorrow "in view of the severe frosts."

In Germany, Austria and Yugoslavia, the ice-jammed Danube spilled over hundreds of thousands of acres of farmland. Icebreakers were sent out today on the major German rivers. The Bothnian Gulf between Sweden and Finland is frozen over, and 21 ships were reported trapped there for the winter. Matera, a town of 12,000 in southern Italy, has been without bread or electricity for 48 hours, while three main towns in Sardinia are isolated.

Renault Seen Yielding To Arab Pressure

The Arab Boycott Office in Damascus yesterday cabled its regional branches in Arab states to postpone implementation of the decision to boycott French Renault cars from February 15 to March 15. This followed an appeal from the French firm and the French Embassy.

It is believed that Renault would avoid the boycotting of its cars in Arab countries by cancelling its agreement with Israel which has the right to assemble Renault cars and to export them, it was stated in the Syrian capital.

The Arab League's Central Boycott Office has requested the Secretariat to notify member states of the urgent need for the establishment of an Arab mercantile marine to compete with Israel's growing merchant fleet. It was pointed out that such a proposal has been on the League Council's agenda for a number of years but that nothing has been done in this direction.

(UP, NEABS)

BRITAIN SUPPORTING SUDAN FOR U.N.

UNITED NATIONS, Sunday (UP). — The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, has informed the Sudanese Government that Britain will "warmly support" the Sudan's application for U.N. membership, it was announced today.

Molotov Favours More 'Summit' Talks; to Press for Amity Pact

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — Mr. V. M. Molotov, said in an interview with the "Sunday Times" that he favoured more summit conferences like that held in Geneva last July between the Heads of State of America, Britain, France and Russia. However, he added, they should be preceded by preliminary diplomatic negotiations to prepare the way.

Mr. Molotov gave the interview yesterday to the newspaper's Moscow correspondent. He said that such conferences are "most beneficial both to the countries represented and to other nations seeking peace."

Though "not much progress" was made later at Geneva at the Foreign Ministers conference on matters which should have been settled," he said, "we are certainly not losing hope that all the problems arising out of the two Geneva conferences will be brought up again."

Mr. Molotov said that Russia will continue to press Marshal Bulganin's proposal for treaties of friendship with the U.S., Britain and France.

Moscow Radio, meanwhile, today appealed to the U.S. to "get together and shake hands on a pact of friendship."

The radio said that the latest message of Prime Minister Nikolai Bulganin to President Eisenhower showed "how much the Soviet Union wants to cooperate with the U.S. regardless of any difficulties." It praised "the extremely friendly tone of the messages between Bulganin and Eisenhower," and said, "It is also very encouraging that both the Soviet Prime Minister and the American President are continuing their exchange of opinions. We hope that the friendly and sincere correspondence between them will finally bring results."

Referring to President Eisenhower's view that what is needed is action, not words, the broadcast said that "A Soviet-American pact is just what is needed to translate words into actions. It would help to solve some of the problems that President Eisenhower mentioned in his reply — Germany, East-West contacts and disarmament."

Russia Protests To U.S. Over Balloons

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — Russia has protested to the U.S. against the intrusion of propaganda balloons over Russian territory, Moscow Radio announced tonight. The note complained that in spite of previous representations, the incidence of balloons flying over the Soviet Union had increased.

Another note of protest was addressed to Turkey against the use of Turkish territory for activities inimical to the Soviet Union — namely, the despatch of balloons into Russia, the radio said.

France Sounds Allies, Russians on New Talks

PARIS, Sunday (Reuter). — Foreign Minister Christian Pineau sounded out both France's allies and the Russians on Friday and yesterday about the possible resumption of East-West talks or negotiations in the near future.

As new Foreign Minister at the Quai d'Orsay, he received courtesy visits from the American Ambassador, Mr. John Dillon, the British Ambassador, Sir Gladwyn Jebb, the Soviet Ambassador, Mr. Serge Vinogradoff, and the German Ambassador, von Maltzahn.

The Soviet offer of a friendship pact with the U.S., Britain and France was "almost certainly" mentioned, diplomatic officials here said.

The Government, presided over by M. Guy Mollet, first Socialist Premier since 1947, is strongly in favour of doing something to break the apparent deadlock in which the second Geneva conference left East-West relations.

U.S. Spurns Eden Plan For Joint 'Deterrence' Policy

Western Officials Set For Mid-East Study

WASHINGTON, Sunday. — The British and French Ambassadors will meet the State Department's top Middle Eastern experts early this week, probably tomorrow, to plan in advance ways of dealing with possible aggression in the Israel-Arab crisis.

The meeting is expected to be the first of a series in Washington.

The two Ambassadors, Sir Roger Makins and M. Maurice Couve de Murville, will meet the Assistant Under-Secretary of State in charge of Middle Eastern Affairs, Mr. George Allen. They are expected to consider whether there would be time to go to the U.N. for a Security Council decision, as in Korea, in the event of conflict breaking out.

The three officials are also expected to make a survey of available land, sea and air forces in the Middle East which could be used in an emergency, and will consider the effectiveness of a naval blockade or of economic and financial sanctions, an authoritative source said.

'Greater Security'

Officials here claim that these various possible forms of crisis measures would offer Israel greater security than the granting her request for arms.

(See Arabs Exploit—Page 4)

At the same time, a reply is being awaited from the United Nations concerning the Anglo-American recommendation for an increase in the number of neutral observers along the Israel-Egyptian border. Current U.N. personnel of the Truce Supervision Organization, estimated at about 75, might be increased to 1,000 or more to report quickly on any truce violations, it is thought.

A reply is also expected on the creation of a so-called demilitarized line along the Israel-Arab frontier to a depth of one kilometre on each side of the border.

(Reuter, UP)

Moscow Radio Says West Usurping U.N. Role in M-E

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — Commenting on the Washington declaration of President Eisenhower and Sir Anthony Eden, the British Premier, Moscow Radio said it showed that both countries would try to extend the Baghdad pact "by means of pressure and intimidation of the Arab states."

In a reference to the Tripartite Declaration of 1950, the radio said the idea that Britain, France and the U.S. should preserve peace in the Middle East "is a gross violation of the U.N. Charter because the maintenance of peace and security in any part of the world is the responsibility of the Security Council."

Soviet Note Repeats Warning to Persia

TEHERAN, Sunday (Reuter). — Russia has told Persia that her adherence to the Baghdad pact opened up possibilities of hostile forces using Persian territory for attacks on the Soviet Union, it was announced today. A Soviet note, handed over yesterday and published today, declared, "The Soviet Union cannot remain indifferent to this position."

Foreign Minister Ali Gholi Ardalan said yesterday that the note went over the old ground covered by former Soviet notes about the pact. The Persian Government rejected two previous Soviet notes.

The Foreign Minister, who released the note without comment, also summoned Mr. Ante Rukavina, the Yugoslav Minister, and protested verbally against the criticisms of the Baghdad pact voiced by President Tito during his recent visit to Cairo.

Egyptian Post Thrice Attacks Army Patrol

An Egyptian position opened fire three times yesterday on an Israel patrol which was within Israel territory in the Kisufim area, the Army spokesman announced. The patrol, which returned the fire, suffered no casualties.

TIBERIAS, Sunday. — Marauders from Jordan broke into the village of Menahemiya near here on Saturday night and stole a cow worth about IL600.

Several days ago, a group of Menahemiya workers were fired on from an ambush while at work near the Jordan border.

Infiltrators stole sheep valued at IL1,000 from Moshav Shuval "A" on Saturday night.

Pakistani Meeting To Review M.E. Situation

KARACHI, Sunday (Reuter). — Pakistani diplomats serving in Middle East capitals will meet here on February 14 to discuss among other things "the situation arising out of the Baghdad pact," according to a high official source.

"We will try to straighten out the differences of opinion on this issue and see how Pakistan can contribute towards a better understanding between the Arab countries," the source said. The meeting has been called by Foreign Minister Hammedul Huq Choudhri to "review the general political situation in the Middle East countries."

U.S. 6th Fleet to Visit Israel and Arab Ports

WASHINGTON, Sunday (UP). — The U.S. Sixth Fleet soon will step up its "courtesy visits" to Arab and Israel ports as part of Western stabilizing diplomacy in the Middle East, it was predicted here today.

This is one of the plans to be laid before a U.S.-British-French conference on the Middle East to start here early this Autumn, official sources reported. The idea would be to demonstrate, in a peaceable manner, U.S. readiness to take steps in case of military aggression either by Israel or the Arabs.

American officials emphasized, however, that if the plan is adopted it will be carried out in a spirit far different from that of the 19th century "gunboat policy" of cowing smaller nations by an uninvited show of force.

The fleet would not enter any port except at the invitation of the Government of that country, they said. Thus, it would continue to do what it has been doing for a long time in the Eastern Mediterranean — but more frequently and in greater array.

Intensified naval manoeuvres may also be decided upon as another way of implementing the policy of "deterrence" which President Eisenhower and Sir Anthony Eden set forth for the Middle East during their three-day conference here last week.

It was expected that such manoeuvres would be carried out in conjunction with British forces — and probably those of other NATO nations in the area, too.

As for stepping up the Sixth Fleet's courtesy calls on Eastern Mediterranean ports, American officials were aware that the move is likely to get a hostile reaction from some Arab circles, particularly leftist ones. However, it is pointed out that in past visits to Beirut, Alexandria and other ports, the fleet received a cordial reception from wide sections of Arab officialdom and public, and it is hoped that this will remain true of future visits provided that they are carried out in the proper way.

Avidar Sees Molotov On Russo-Israel Relations

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israel's Ambassador to Moscow, Aluf Josef Avidar, is scheduled to arrive in Jerusalem tomorrow for consultations at the Foreign Ministry.

It was learned yesterday that as a prelude to the consultations, Aluf Avidar requested and received an interview with Foreign Minister V. M. Molotov last Wednesday during which Soviet-Israel relations were thoroughly reviewed. The interview lasted for an hour.

Aluf Avidar will take a period of leave following the consultations before returning to his post.

VISA PROCEDURE EASED

Red tape involved in acquiring transit visas for travel by Israelis to Russia and Russians to Israel has been reduced, it was indicated in a Foreign Ministry statement yesterday.

The announcement said that the Ministry has accepted a proposal put forward by the Soviet Union Embassy which would permit consular representatives in the respective countries to grant transit visas on the day of application without reference to the home authorities.

Congress Seen Opposing Action

By GEORGE LICHTHEIM, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON, Sunday. — It is now admitted here that the Washington talks have not yielded agreement on a policy to be pursued regarding the Israel-Arab conflict. The Americans rejected British proposals which would have required Congressional assent to giving the President powers of intervention similar to those exercised by him regarding the defence of Formosa and the offshore Chinese islands.

This was the core of Sir Anthony Eden's project for associating the American Mediterranean Fleet with the British forces in a joint policy of "deterrence," and the fact that President Eisenhower and Secretary of State Dulles felt unable to ask Congressional approval for such a move suggests to most observers here that they are aware of the purpose to which such a joint force would be put.

Failing agreement on the key issue, it was finally decided to strengthen the U.N. observer corps provided both sides agree on the establishment of a demilitarized zone. Whitehall regards this as improbable and the customary moves are already in progress to place the blame on Israel.

May Tackle Congress

The only sop held out by those who assert that the talks yielded important results is a hint that Mr. Dulles will shortly sound Congressional leaders on the extent to which the President could assume military commitments in the event of an Arab-Israel conflict.

There was some confusion over what was decided regarding the Baghdad Pact, some papers claiming that the Americans have in principle agreed to underwrite its economic provisions, while others assert the exact opposite. The explanation of this discrepancy appears to be that Sir Anthony obtained certain verbal assurances from Mr. Eisenhower which were not committed to writing and whose precise value is uncertain.

Only regarding Buraimi is there definite progress: it appears that Aramco's exploratory tests for oil have been disappointing, and this news reached the conference just in time for informal agreement to be reached, which relieves the State Department of the embarrassing task of backing Saudi Arabia's claim in the disputed region, in which Aramco no longer is interested. The good news was apparently communicated to Sir Anthony by Mr. Ralph Follis, Chairman of the Board of Standard Oil of California, who travelled to New York on the same ship, so that the Prime Minister's only achievement may be said to have been secured before he reached Washington. The remainder of the disputed subjects connected with Saudi Arabia are to be discussed by lower echelons at later stages.

China Trade

Regarding trade with China, there is again uncertainty and confusion, Washington reports denying semi-official London suggestions that the Americans agreed to have a significant relaxation of the present trade embargo.

For the rest, official London maintains that the "Washington declaration," whose final wording reflects American authorship, has implicitly endorsed Britain's colonial policies. More important from the British viewpoint, it has rendered less likely a bipartite Soviet-American treaty as suggested by Moscow. There is now a belief here that the Russians will temporarily drop pressure for such a treaty pending the Bulganin-Khrushchev visit to Britain next April, unless this is cancelled — a possibility not yet excluded.

WHAT WILL YOUR SON BE?
Doctor or Chemist — Pilot or Farmer?
He will take his time in making up his mind, but he trusts you to start now to provide for his future education.
Save the safe way — Join our "KOAH" Saving Plan.
BANK LEUMI LE-ISRAEL B.M.

Social & Personal

ARRIVALS: Dr. Dale Pollack of New London, Connecticut, Acting Head of the Department of Electronics at the Weizmann Institute, to resume his post; Mr. M. Rasi, Director of the Histadrut Company, Homa and Mr. Y. Laor, Director of the Lud cigarette factory, after a visit to Greece and Turkey.

DEPARTURES: Dr. Israel Dostrovsky, head of the Isotope Research Department of the Weizmann Institue, with his family, for a year's study in the U.S.; Prof. and Mrs. Norman Bentwich, for London, by El Al, after a six-week visit; Mr. P. Grossmann, Deputy Director of Dunkerquoise d'Enterprises, the French firm constructing the Haifa subway, and Mr. Gavriel Gavison, the firm's representative in Israel, for Paris, (by TWA); Mr. L. Segal, member of the Jewish Agency Executive for the U.S., after attending meetings of the Jewish Agency Executive; Mr. Benjamin Teller, Secretary of the Jewish National Labour Alliance, of New York, after a 10-day visit; Lady Horo-Belisha, to Rome (by LAI).

Sgan-Aluf Ram Ron, O.C. Gadna, has been promoted to the rank of Aluf-Mishne.

Mr. M. Gilead, director of the Government Meteorological Service, will address the Natanya Rotary Club on "Meteorology in Israel" at the Hotel Grenstein at 7.45 tonight.

Klara Landau-Bondy, Studio of Ballet, Jerusalem, will present the premiere of "The Seasons," by P. I. Tchaikovsky, and a new Divertissement of classical ballet and Hebrew-Yugoslav and Spanish Dances on Monday, February 27, at 4 p.m. at the Y.M.C.A. Auditorium, Jerusalem.

BIRTH AND BRITH MILAH

DORON — To Carmela (nee Glueckson) and Shalom Peretz Doron — a son, The Brith Milah will take place tomorrow, February 7, at 11 a.m. at the Misgav Ladach Maternity Hospital, Jerusalem.

An extraordinary General Meeting of Associate Professors and Lecturers at the Hebrew University will be held tonight at 8 at the Senate House, Mousaieff Building, Jerusalem.

RABBI PESACHOVITCH BURIED IN J'LEM

Rabbi Haim Pesachovitch, who died in Jerusalem on Saturday at the age of 78, was buried yesterday at Har Menuhot cemetery.

Mr. Haim Luchinsky eulogized the deceased at the graveside.

Rabbi Pesachovitch was known as the "Red Rabbi," as he believed in fusing Judaism and Communism. *(Itim)*

Jerusalem's Story

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The publication of "Sepher Yerushalayim" ("The Book of Jerusalem") edited by Mr. Micasel Avi-Yonah, was marked yesterday by a reception held by the Jerusalem Municipality.

The arduous work expended in preparing and publishing the volume was praised by Mayor Gershon Agron; Mr. Berl Locker, chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive; Mr. S.B. Yesha a, Jerusalem District Representative; Mr. Moshe Gordon, head of Mosad Bialik which arranged for its publication; and Mr. A. Hecher, an engineer, who sponsored the idea of the book.

The volume, the first of two, has over 400 pages and is profusely illustrated. It consists of a series of articles written by 19 scholars (14 of them from the Hebrew University) describing the period from 3,000 B.C.E. until the destruction of the Second Temple. The second volume is to continue the city's history until its proclamation as the capital of Israel.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

AT 3.30, 6.30 and 8.30 p.m.

ARMON: Francis Joins the Wacs.
EDEN: The King's Thief.
EDISON: "La Rage au Corps."
OEGIL: The Fifth Grade. 2nd week.
ORION: The Firebird. 2nd week.
ORNA: The Sea Chase.
RON: I Had 7 Daughters.
STUDIO: Small Town Girl.
TEL OR: The Americano. 2nd week.
ZION HALL: "Nei Cannibali." 2nd. week.

TEL AVIV

AT 1.30, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

ALLENBY: To Hell and Back. 6th week.
ARMON DAVID: "La Donna del Fuiuo."
CHEN: The Dam Busters. 2nd week
ESTHER: Blackboard Jungle. 5th week.
HOGRABI: Daddy Long Legs. 3rd week.
OPHIR: Betrayed.
ORION: Helen of Troy. 2nd week.
SHDEROTH: The Unfinished Dance
TAMAR: "Diabolique." 3rd week.
TCHELETH: "Les Amants du Tage." 5th week. Matinee: Gun Fighters.
YARON: White Christmas.
ZAMIR: "Rigoletto." 3rd week.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: The Girl in the Red Velvet Swing.
ARMON: Marty. 2nd week.
ATEMON: The Prodigal. 2nd week.
EN DOR: Garden of Evil.
GAL OR: Cell 2455 Death Row. Matinee: High Noon.
HAY: Seven Brides for Seven Brothers.
HORIAH: The Man Who Loved Redheads. 2nd week.
ORAH: "L'Enorme Pubblo No. 1."
ORION: Appointment in Honduras.
PEER: All That Heaven Allows.

Yesterday's Press

International Force On Borders Opposed

"Lamerhav" (Ahdut Ha'avoda) wonders why the obscure and evasive statement or the Washington talks should have provoked such widespread disappointment, especially in Israel. We surely had nothing to expect, since Eden and Eisenhower came together not to discuss Middle East peace but only in order to iron out the differences between themselves.

The paper discusses the "Washington feelers" about the demilitarization of a kilometre-wide border strip on each side and the posting in it of an armed international force, masked as an augmented U.N. Observers Staff. It hopes that no responsible circles in this country will give it serious thought, since it would be tantamount to posting a foreign army in our country and also open the door to further claims for territorial concessions.

The problems of peace in the Middle East will not be solved by foreign powers in conference, "Lamerhav" continues. The results of the recent Washington talks show how unrealistic is our policy of depending upon international policy-makers. The conference is over and America persists in ignoring the danger that is epitomized in an official statement from a Cairo spokesman that "the arms purchased from the East are now in position on the Israel front."

"Herut" says that the newly proposed international force would only enlarge the present Observers' teams, of whom we have had enough: it is they who cover up for the enemy and encourage aggressive incidents. If the Western Powers desire real peace in the Middle East, they should instruct their representatives in Cairo, Beirut and Amman to control the source of the incidents; this will prove more effective than the performances staged by Observers and their bloodhounds after the incident has taken place.

"Ha'aretz" (non-party) thinks that, with the approach of the new fiscal year, the Government must decide how best to obtain the funds needed for armament. The present voluntary Defence Fund drive and the levying of a Defence Tax are mutually exclusive; if the one is selected the other must necessarily go by the board.

"Haboker" (General Zionist) is deeply disappointed because the Dead Sea potash works have not met their much vaunted production quota and claims that production has decreased rather than increased since the works were "nationalized."

BURMA ORDERS STAMPS

Drawings for air mail stamps by the Tel Aviv graphic artist, Mr. George Hamori, have been ordered by the Burmese Ministry of Posts.

Mr. Hamori, who won first prize in the U.N. Postal Administration's international competition in 1954, had sent to Burma an album of 40 stamps he designed.

ON THE AIR

522, 249, 33.3 & 42.9 M.

News, Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 7.00, 9.00 p.m. 12.00 midnight. Arabic Programme (including News): 8 a.m. 2.15 & 5.45 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercise. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies (R). 9.00 Close Down.

12.00 N. "Music at Noon" Nat King Cole. (R). 12.30 Concert Hall: Haydn: Symphony No. 101 in D ("The Clock"); Kabalevsky: Violin Concerto, Carellitzer: Little Israel Suite. 1.45 Light Notes (R). 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Oriental Music (R). 4.30 "Be'Oholei Torah." 4.40 "First Broadcast" — Moshe Ron (piano) Works by Bach, Brahms, and Bartok. 5.00 Children's Hour. 5.15 Youth Programme. 6.45 Bible Reading. 7.15 Concert by the Kol Yisrael Orchestra: Works by Karchevsky, Barnea and Korngold. 7.45 Series of Lectures by Gad Frenkel. 8.00 "Curtain Up." 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Telling Tunes. 10.00 From the treasures of the Aggadah. 10.15 Violin & Piano Recital: Haydn: Sonata in D for Violin & Piano, Brahms: Scherzo in E-flat-major for Piano, op. 4 Jean Binet: Sonata Breve for Violin & Piano. 10.45 Light Music. 11.00 Requests for Light Music. 11.30 Music of Operettas and Films. 12.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (22.3, 34.9 & 469 M.): 5.30 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 5.45 Advanced Hebrew Lesson — Dr. Kamrat. 6.00 Light Music (R). 6.20 French. 7.00 Yiddish. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 Persian. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Rumanian. 8.45 Hungarian. 9.00 Close Down.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (32.3 M.): (South Africa Programme): 6.30 News. 6.40 Newsreel. 6.50 Songs of the Ghetto — Emma Shiver. 7.00 Yiddish Programme.

11.15 p.m. News. 11.25 Newsreel. 11.35 Songs of the Ghetto — Emma Sheiver. 11.45 Easy Hebrew Conversation.

ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 216, 225 & 229 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Requests (Hebrew Songs). 7.00 News. 7.10 Light Music. 7.30 Among the Plays. 8.00 Weekly Symphonic Concert by Beethoven, Mozart, Weber, Borodin. 9.00 News. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (16.79, 19.42, 16.95, 25.15 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. News, News Talk, Echoes from the World.

TAPE RECORDERS
SALES & SERVICE
Radio Laboratory
PICARD & PICK
180 Dizengoff Rd., Tel Aviv.

Christian Communities Busy On Church-Building

By a Special Correspondent

The birth of the State of Israel brought with it a crisis for the Christian communities in this country, which lost about 60 per cent of their members. Some congregations ceased to exist, and a number of churches and religious edifices were irreparably damaged.

Today, there are clear signs that these communities are no longer in a critical position, and their renewed general activity also finds its expression in the construction of a number of churches and religious institutions, most of which are taking the place of old buildings.

The first church to be built after 1948 was the Coptic church in Nazareth, completed in 1950 and financed out of the community's income as well as out of government compensation for property damage suffered by Israel Copts during the War of Liberation.

Nineteen hundred fifty-four brought the completion of two Greek-Catholic churches whose construction was initiated by Archbishop George Hakim — one in the village of Ellabun above the Kinneret, the other in Isfiyeh on Mt. Carmel. The Archbishop has also built a handsome three-storey structure on Rehov Hagefen in Haifa for his offices, his residence, and reception halls. In Nazareth, the Archbishop is putting up a school and a large boarding seminary for young priests. For the coming year a new church is planned for the village of Rene in the same area.

The money for all these comes from three sources: contributions from Catholic countries — mainly Belgium; Israel Government compensation for war-damaged Greek-Catholic property; and profits from real estate owned by the Greek-Catholic community.

The Roman Catholics too have recently displayed renewed building activity throughout the country, and particularly in the North, where most of Israel's Christians are concentrated. They are building chapels at Shefar-Am, and near the Rosary Sisters' convent in the village of Rami.

At Jish, most of whose inhabitants are Maronites, the Latin Patriarch is planning a complex which will include a prayer hall, a kindergarten and afternoon classes for girls, to be run by the Rosary Sisters. The complex will be built on a plot of two and a half dunams acquired by the Church from the Israel Government, whose policy stands in this respect in direct contrast to that of Jordan, which has recently passed a law forbidding the sale of any land to Christian institutions.

At Tabgha, on the Kinneret, a new Benedictine monastery has been erected on both sides of the "Church of the Mosaic." It includes some farm buildings, and was financed out of the compensation paid to the Benedictines for the land that they had to lease and sell according to the terms of the agreement for the transfer of German Catholic property in Israel signed with West Germany in 1953.

All this, however, is overshadowed by the projects of the Roman Catholic church in Nazareth and in Haifa. In the Galilee capital, the old Church of the Annunciation has already been torn down and archaeologists have investigated the site. Now the Franciscan Brothers are about to put up a great new church which is expected to cost millions of pounds. Part of the money has already been collected from Christians all over the world, and the rest will come from the same sources.

In Haifa's Salesian Street the Carmelites are about to replace their old chapel by a new church which will be the place of worship of Haifa's 700 Roman Catholics and house the parish priest. The funds will come from the sale of the order's land and buildings in Haifa and in other parts of the country. Since the Carmelite convent stands in the same neighbourhood, and the Freres des Ecoles Chretiennes are planning a new school nearby to replace an old building that is to be torn down to make room for Haifa's development area, the area will become a centre of Catholic institutions.

The Greek Orthodox community is planning to build a church in Shefar-Am, partly at the expense of the Greek Government.

Among the Protestant churches, the Baptists have erected a large modern orphanage near Petah Tikva.

The various Christian communities are also building a number of commercial projects. Thus the Franciscan Brothers have erected a row of shops in the centre of Ramla; the Sisters of St. Charles are putting up an office building on the Central Carmel, near the house of their priest, which is also to be rebuilt. Haifa's Maronites are about to put up a large apartment house; in various other places, Christian churches are contracting with Jewish *entrepreneurs* for the erection of business buildings on their real estate. The value of this real estate, incidentally, has been going up steadily with Jewish land settlement and development all over the country.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

★ **Exhibitions:** —
Water colours, drawings, and frescoes by F.M. Weiss. Wire sculptures by Prof. Abba P. Lerner. "Nora Studio." 9 Ben Maimon, 10-1, 3-6 1) Dutch and Flemish 17th Century Paintings. 2) French 20th Century Paintings. 3) Pochoir Paintings of Maya Art after Manuscripts and Monuments by Felipe Neri Gonzales.

Exhibit of Month: Copper plate etched by Jacques Lipschitz, with 43 successive proofs of the etching. Bezalel, 9-1, 2-5.

Arts and Crafts: Silver and copper jewellery by "Xila" (Y. Adler) works by Aharon Giladi (Golodetz), wooden rugs from Sde Boker. Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6 (Tomorrow Permanent exhibition at the Department of Antiquities. Temporary: Finds in Caesarea. 9-11; 3-5, "Conquest of the Desert," Jerusalem Convention Centre, 10-1, 4-6.

Israel Flora Paintings by Ann Madalie, Rina Gallery, 11 Princess Mary Ave., (Entrance 1 Rehov Yanai), 9.30-1, 4-7.

★ **Tours:** —
Hebrew University conducted tour. New Administration Building, Opposite Terra Sancta, 10 a.m.

★ **Meeting:** —
Beeri Club Music Circle—"Arnold Schoenberg, Introduction to his works and personality," 9 Rehov Alharizi, 8.45

★ **Theatre:** —
The Jerusalem Dramatic Circle — "The Tea House of the August Moon." Beit Hanoar Haivri, Rehov Hillel, 8.30.

TEL AVIV

★ **Exhibitions:**—
Paintings, Puppets, Stage designs by Paul Loewy, Paintings Arie Alweil; Chinese Prints (Reproductions) lent by UNESCO, 10-1, 4-7, Tel Aviv Museum.

★ **Dancing:**—
Orchestra Music, open 5-11.30 "Hamoadon" Cafe, 106 Rehov Hayarkon. Entrance free.

★ **Theatre:** —
Habimah, "Medea," 8
Ohel: "Johnny Belinda," 8.
Cameri: "The Good Soul of Szechuan," New Cameri Theatre, 8. "The Hasty Heart," Mograbi, 8.

★ **Lecture:**—
Z.O.A. House at 8.45 p.m. Mr. S. Z. Abramov on "American History — (Period 1914-45) Co-sponsored by Israel-America Friendship League.

HAIFA

★ **Exhibitions:**—
"Maskit" Village Crafts. Also exhibits from the Municipal Library. Fortnightly Exhibit: Watercolour by Mordechai Avniel, Municipal Museum, Town Hall, 10-1, 4-9.

HADERA

★ **Theatre:** —
Benzion Witler and Shifra Lerer: "The Singing Blacksmith," Nof. 6.30, 9.30.

GEDERA

★ **Theatre:**—
"Man Mensch, Foter," — Yiddish. Beit Rahel, 8.30.

BEERSHEBA

★ **Theatre:** —
Habimah, "Maavane," 8.

HERZLIYA

★ **Theatre:** —
Cameri "The Italian Straw Hat." 6.30, 9.15.

Nazis in German Foreign Ministry

By M. TADMOR
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

BONN, January (By Airmail)—The German Foreign Secretary, Heinrich von Brentano, has ordered an inquiry to be held into the case of the chief of the Eastern Department of the German Foreign Office. The subject of this inquiry, Otto Brautigam, is accused of having taken part in the wholesale slaughter of Lithuanian Jews during the Nazi regime. Pending clarification of his case, Brautigam has been suspended from duty.

The inquiry was ordered following the publication of a book of documents called "The Third Reich and the Jews," which published an order dated Dec. 18, 1941, signed "Brautigam," ordering the "liquidation" of the Lithuanian Jews, apparently on Alfred Rosenberg's orders.

A complaint from the Headquarters of the Gestapo, dated 1941, states that the "Reichskommissar East" had prohibited the executions of Jews in Liepaja. This brought about intervention by the Secretary of State for Eastern Affairs, Alfred Rosenberg. In reply, the commissar at Riga stated that he had prohibited the senseless killing of the Jews, because "the Jewish Question should be solved in accordance with the necessities of Economic Warfare." Rosenberg objected to this, and in a reply, signed by Brautigam, it is stated that "Economic considerations should not be taken into account in solving the (Jewish) problem."

Brautigam is now considered one of the few Russian specialists in the German Foreign Office. He recently took part in the preparation of the Geneva Conference, by way of the German-Allied specialists committee. Later on, he remained at Geneva as member of the German observer team.

The German Social-Democratic Party has published a statement calling it "simply inconceivable" that such a thing could be possible in the present circumstances. Meanwhile, a full and immediate inquiry is demanded.

JORDAN TO ELECT ORTHODOX PATRIARCH

A new Orthodox Patriarch, to succeed the late Sir T. Themelis, will be elected on February 23 in the Old City, the Jordan daily, "Falastin," has reported. The Jordan Government has requested priests and mukhtars of Orthodox communities under its jurisdiction to submit the names of their candidates for the post, accompanied by signed lists of the community members. The Government has agreed to the appointment of Archbishop Athenagoras as *locum tenens* of the patriarchate.

Unusual Sports Results Follow Wintry Weather in U.K.

By KEITH BEECHER

Frost and snow caused wholesale cancellations in the British sports programme on Saturday. Racing was completely out, the rugby shedules, both Union and League, severely slashed, while 17 soccer games were postponed. The unusual weather brought unusual results, with those sides still in the Cup affray badly hit. Manchester United continued gaily on their way with a 2-0 victory over Burnley, who have fought out two 1-1 draws with Chelsea in the Fourth Round of the Cup and are due for a third meeting. Chelsea, meanwhile lost 3-2 at home to Wolverhampton Wanderers.

Arsenal slammed Sunderland, 3-1, as Tottenham beat Cupholders, Newcastle United, 2-1 on the Tynesiders own pitch for one of the wins of the day. Blackpool, for whom 41-year-old Stanley Matthews turned out in his 250th. soccer appearance, were beaten 1-0 by visiting Manchester City, while erstwhile honours-aspirants Charlton Athletic went down heavily to newly promoted Birmingham City 4-0. Everton lost 2-0 at home to Portsmouth in another upset. The results left Manchester United leading the First Division by four points in front of Blackpool, with Huddersfield Town, home losers by 2-1 to Cardiff City, footing the table with 17 points. Aston Villa with 19 are next up and then comes Sheffield United, 22.

Meanwhile Sheffield Wednesday, with a confident 1-0 win over the Forest at Nottingham, lead Division II by one point in front of Bristol City, who beat Barnsley 2-0; Leicester City, fine 5-1 winners over bottom-placed Plymouth Argyle; and Swansea Town, who continued their recent return to form with a 5-1 victory over Notts County. Ipswich Town stayed the lead of Division III (South) after a 2-1 win over Aldershot but Leyton Orient, 4-0 winners at Watford, three points behind, have two games in hand. Accrington Stanley are ahead in Division III (North). They had 4-0 win at Carlisle, as Grimsby Town's match was postponed.

RESULTS: ENGLISH LEAGUE: DIV. I: Arsenal 3, Sunderland 1; Birm'gham 4, Charlton 0; Blackp'l 0, Man. C. 1; Chelsea 2, Wolves 3; Everton 4, Portsm'th 2; Huddersf'ld 1, Cardiff 2; Man. U. 2, Burnley 0; Newcastle 1, Tottenham 2; Sheff. U. 2, Preston 1; West Brom. 2, Luton 1; Bolton vs. Aston V. ppd. DIV. II: Blackb'n 2, Bris. R. 0; Bris. C. 2, Barnsley 0; Leic. C. 5, Plym'th 1; Midd'sbro 1, Livery'l 2; Notts. F. 0, Sheff. W. 1; Port V. 2, Fulham 1; Swansea 5, Notts. C. 1; Hull vs. Doncaster, A., Lincoln, C. vs. Stoke, Westham vs. Bury, all ppd. DIV. III (S): Brentf'd 2, Exeter 0; Ipswich 3, Ald'shot 1; S'hampton 1, Brighton 2; Torquay 1, Q.P.R. 0; Watf'd 0, Leyton O. 4; Cov. C. vs. R'thead, Gill'gham vs. Bournem'th, Millwall vs. Norwich, Newp't vs. Swindon, Read'g vs. Colch'ster, Shrewsb'y vs. Crystal P., Walsall vs. N'hampton, all ppd. DIV. III (N): Bradf'd 3, Gatesh'd 1; Carl'le 0, Acer'gton S. 4; Chester 1, Barrow 0; Chesterf'ld 2, Tranmere 0; Crewe A. 1, Scunth'pe 2; Hartlep'ls 1, Brad. C. 0; Mansf'ld 6, Wrexham 1; Rochdale 1, Southp't 3; Stockp't 3, Halifax 1; York 1, Work'gton 1; Derby vs. Oldham, Grimsby vs. Darl'gton ppd. SCOTTISH CUP — 5th Rnd.: Airdrie 7, Hamilton Ac. 1; Ayr. 5, Berwick 2; Brechin 1, Arbroath 1; Dundee U. 3, Dundee 2; Falk'k 0, Kilm'nock 3, Hearts 3, Forfar 0; Morton 6, Celtic 2; Partick 2, Alloa 0; Qun e Sth. 3, Cowdenb'th 1; Rangers 2, Aberdeen 1; St. Mirren 6, Th. Lanark 0; Stirl'g 2, St. Johnstone 1; Clyde vs. Dunf'line, E. Fife vs. Stenh'uir, Hibs. vs. Raith, Motherwell vs. Queens Pk., all ppd. RUGBY UNION: Int.: Wales 9 pts., Scotland 3 (at Cardiff); Coventry 8, Combined S. Africa Univ. 11. CRICKET: AT DUNEDIN: New Zealand: 74 and 158 for 6. W. Indies: 353 (Weekes 123.)

Israeli Wins $20,000 In U.S. T.V. Quiz

NEW YORK, Sunday (UP). — A pretty Israel-born woman lawyer won $20,000 last night on a television quiz show for correctly answering a difficult four-part question concerning four sea voyages that figured in Napoleon's career. The lawyer, Mrs. Ofra Bikel, appeared for the fourth time on the programme, "The Big Surprise," which was highlighted by 14-year-old George Wright's winning of $100,000.

Next week she will try to win $50,000. Mrs. Bikel and her husband now reside in New York, according to a spokesman for the National Broadcasting Company. She said she specializes in international law and that her parents are living in Tel Aviv. In her first appearance on the show four weeks ago she won $1,000. Her second appearance brought her $5,000 and her third $10,000. Her speciality is the life of Napoleon and she has not missed a single question thus far.

Finns 1,2 in Last Winter Games Event

CORTINA (Italy), Sunday. — Finland today placed one-two in the windup event of the Winter Olympics, the special ski jumping competition. Antti Nyvarinen, a 23-year-old lanks Laplander, soared to a mighty 84 m. on his second of two jumps to clinch the Olympic title. Aulis Kallauorpi, of Finland, was second with East Germany's touted Harry "Cherry" Glass, third.

Russia won the ice hockey title lost tonight, beating Canada, the holders, 2-0 in the last game of the final pool. Period scores: 0-0 1-0 1-0. The United States finished second, and Canada third. Final points standings: 1. U.S.S.R. 10; U.S. 8; Canada 6; Sweden 3; Czechoslovakia 2; Germany 1. The U.S. beat Czechoslovakia 9-4. Period scores (U.S. first) 1-0, 3-2, 5-2.

Previously Russia won the 40 km. relay ski race to earn their sixth gold medal.

The 4-man bobs event was won by the Swiss No 1 crew, piloted by Franz Kapus 43-year-old Zurich chauffeur, beating their own record with the very best time of one minute 17.08 seconds on their first run today. Italy's No. 2 crew was second and the U.S. No. 1 third. This gave Switzerland her third Gold Medal of the Games.

(U.P., Reuter)

SONNABEND WANTED NAME OF ASHKELONI

The Mayor of Ashkelon, Henry Sonnabend, who died 30 days ago, yesterday, had contemplated changing his name to Ashkeloni. This was revealed in a memorial address delivered last month in Johannesburg by Rabbi Moses Cyrus Weiler, Chief Reform Minister of that city. Rabbi Weiler also said it was rumoured that Dr. Sonnabend was to have been named as Israel's Ambassador to Italy later this year.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Zion, 50 Ussishkin, 5091. Levant, 5 Julian's Way, 4856. **TEL AVIV:** Breiman, 56 Allenby, 62252. Yehuda Halevi, 91 Yehuda Halevi, 3159. Bloch, 32 Bloch, 26425. Ben Yehuda, 142 Ben Yehuda, 25533. Baruch, Hatikva Qtr., 67405. **JAFFA:** Dajani, 98 Rehov 1. **RAMAT GAN:** Herzl 52 Herzl, 72272. **BNEI BRAK:** Hirshbein. **RISHON LEZOIN:** Amami. **HOLON:** Tikva, Kikar Struma. **HAIFA:** Balfour, 1 Massada, 2289 Nisnas, 28 Khoury, 4197. **KIRYAT BIALIK:** Zevulun. **SAFAD:** Ha'ari. **NAHARIYA:** Merkaz.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. L. Romanoff, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. B. Abeles, 19 Ussishkin, 2688. Dr. Galewski, 29 King George, 2068. **TEL AVIV:** Dr. M. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 25842. Dr. N.L. Sacher, 54 Sokolow, 26383. **HAIFA:** Dr. Bilski, 7 Elhud, 2199. Dr. Ludwig, 34 Shivat Zion, 67417.

AT THE CINEMA

"JAVAIS Sept Filles" (Ron, J'lem) is a lighthearted French comedy with some enjoyable tunes, featuring Maurice Chevalier as an aged Don Juan whose sins haunt him in the appearance of seven illegitimate daughters. Chevalier has lost nothing of his charm, and Paolo Scopa assists him as a congenial Leporello.

The English subtitling by "Film Technic" is remarkable. It renders the Marquis de Sade as the "Earl of Sad" and attributes to Chevalier the poetic sentence "Listen how the garden smells..."

Restoration Swordplay

THE plot of "The King's Thief" (Eden, J'lem) is as far removed from the true story of the robbery of some of the British crown jewels in the reign of Charles II as Sunset Boulevard is from Tower Bridge. Some excellent acting by David Niven and George Sanders as the Merrie Monarch is balanced by the particularly inept performance of Edmond Purdom and Ann Blyth. Sets and colour are not bad at all, but the content is the usual swordplay a la Dumas. *TA.F.M.*

"THE Dam Busters" (Chen, 2nd week) describes the exploits of a British bomb squadron which sets out to destroy Germany's great and vital Mohne and Eder dams in the last war. It is remarkably good for its kind and has a ring of authenticity. The hopes and trials of the job are recounted in a way that compels attention. Michael Redgrave gives an excellent performance as Dr. Barnes Wallis, who invented the special bombs essential for the success of the raid, and Richard Todd is very good as the squadron leader.

Astaire Comeback

DADDY Long Legs" (Mograbi, 2nd week) brings back Fred Astaire to the screen and gives him Leslie Caron as partner. The story of the orphan girl (this time, from France) who is adopted by a wealthy American and eventually captures his heart, is pepped up in this version but it still retains a big wedge of sentiment. It is all quite pleasant and while the dancing is not thrilling, it is agreeable to watch. *S.W.*

HBU HBU

HOLLANDSCHE BANK-UNIE N.V., AMSTERDAM

(HOLLAND BANK UNION)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JULY 1, 1955

July 1, 1954	ASSETS	July 1, 1955	July 1, 1954	LIABILITIES	July 1, 1955
f.216,151,215.18	Cash in Hand and State Banks	f.237,476,384.59	f. 15,000,000.00	Capital	f. 23,000,000.00
102,363,421.50	Treasury Paper	78,567,027.55	15,000,000.00	Reserves	17,000,000.00
135,844,000.50	Banks	132,253,927.01	18,500,000.00	Extra Reserve	20,500,000.00
			48,500,000.00		60,500,000.00
56,358,427.78	Bills Receivable	71,224,814.33			
287,839,932.47	Debtors	361,279,472.09	7,660,786.87	Bills Advised to us	6,017,220.68
4,674,737.52	Debtors against Acceptances	2,047,183.08	4,674,737.52	Bills accepted by us	2,047,183.08
62,143,290.59	Debtors on account of Guarantees per contra	96,138,444.34	287,456,336.13	Deposits	263,513,105.05
13,635,865.72	Securities	4,220,431.07	461,405,749.45	Creditors	882,591,730.91
22,800,000.00	Premises	27,600,000.00	62,143,290.59	Guarantees given	96,138,444.34
f.871,840,900.26		f.1,010,807,684.06	f.871,840,900.26		f.1,010,807,684.06

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Notices to the Public

HAIFA PORT AUTHORITY
RENEWAL OF ENTRY PASSES TO THE PORT OF HAIFA

Persons wishing to renew their annual entry passes to the Port of Haifa and permits to board cargo vessels for the year 1956/57 should submit their applications to the Port of Haifa Authority immediately on publication of this notice, and not later than a fortnight thereof.

Application forms, for renewal of the above, are obtainable at the Port Authority's Permit Section and at the Information Office outside the main entrance to the Port.

Special arrangements have been made for the renewal of port entry passes by companies and institutions holding a large number of passes, and such companies should proceed in accordance with the special instructions that have been mailed to them direct.

A. Landman,
PORT MANAGER

Tel Aviv Stock Market

FEBRUARY 5, 1956

Pop. Loans	
1949/50 (IL30)	100
4½% Taxes Dollar x'ty	72½
6% Comp. Loan 56/57	65½
3½% War Loan 54/59	86½
3½% Gov. Bds (large)	89
4% Reg. Sterling: "A"	94½
4% Reg. Sterling "B"	95½
Pal Bearer Bds Ser. 3	84
Bk. Leumi ord.sh.	221
A.P.B. Investm. ord. sh. "B"	110
Gasit ord. sh. "B"	101½
Ellern's Inv. ord.	159
P.E.C.Inv.ord. "B" sh.d)	96½
Gen. Mortg. Bk.ord. sh.	70½
Binar 6% debs. 56/65	82
Nir 4% Debs. (bearer)	94½
5% pref. sh.	94½
Pass 6% debs. 60/64 reg	79½
"Inra" 5% debs.	85
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	113
5% debs.	80½
Afr. Pal. Inv. ord. sh.	79½
Rassco 6% pref. ord. sh.d)	89½
Pal. Potash 6% pref sh.	236
"A" ord. shares	118
Pal. Elec.pref.sh.(1.ISS)	281
6½% P.E.C. Debs. 57/64	103½* 105½**
Mekorot pref. sh.	75
Ata ord. "B" sh.	119½
6-8% conv. debs.	93
"Kurdanieh" ord. "B"	172½
7% conv. debs. 59/68	92½
Heller-Dee ord.sh. rec.x	285
Pal.-Brewery 8%con.sh.	82½
Assis Bejarano "B" sh.	139
"Teva" ord. sh. d)	105½
Nesher 6% debs. "A"	102
Pal. Cold St. 7% debs.	147
ord. sh. reg. (full div.)	227
Pal. Constr. Tr 8% debs.	94

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex-coupons; d) ex-dividend; e) ex right; x) in % of IL1,800; y) 15.6./15.12; * Dollar; ** Index.

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Today's Postbag

THE WEATHER

FORECAST: Fair.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	41	6	17	15
Tiberias	47	10	23	21
Haifa Port	28	11	23	21
Natanya	30	10	26	24
Tel Aviv Kirya	28	10	27	24
Tel Aviv Port	30	8	25	22
Lydda Airport	25	9	26	24
Jerusalem	26	12	19	17
Beersheba	27	11	25	22
Eilat	21	11	30	27

"A) Humidity at 3 p.m. (B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today

• • •

RAINFALL

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	46.3	569.5	738
Tiberias	19.2	356.6	442
Hefzibah	28.5	408.1	425
Acre	28.1	552.6	574
Haifa Port	37.1	540.0	590
Natanya	25.2	502.5	517
Ramatayim	41.4	654.5	—
Tel Aviv Port	28.6	694.5	519
Tel Aviv Kirya	41.7	709.9	502
Lydda	73.0	659.4	496
Rehovot	66.8	734.7	544
Jerusalem	28.8	319.8	509
Beersheba	—	122.1	200

A) For week of Jan. 23-29.
B) Total for Aug. 1-Jan. 22.
C) Annual average 1921-1950.

• • •

ALL 2,500 Post Office employees in Tel Aviv stopped work for half-an-hour yesterday morning in protest against not having received their January wages. They have been promised that they will get their pay today.

• • •

SOME 15,000 tons of vegetables, mainly tomatoes, will be processed into preserves by the Citrus and Canned Products Association this year, it was agreed yesterday between the Association and the Ministry of Agriculture. About 65 per cent will have to be exported, Dr. Y. Breitbarth, Manager of the Association, told *The Jerusalem Post*.

• • •

THE PLANTING ceremony in memory of the Air Force's war dead scheduled to take place in Dir Amar today has been cancelled.

• • •

THE GEZER-MISHMAR Ayalon Road, southeast of Ramle, will be closed from midnight tonight until 6 o'clock on Wednesday morning, except for the following hours tomorrow: from 7.30 to 8.30 a.m., and from 5.30 to 7.00 p.m.

JAPANESE SCHOLAR HERE

Prof. Chikio Hayashi, of the Institute of Mathematical Statistics in Tokyo, has arrived as a guest of the Israel Institute of Applied Social Research.

He will spend about a month here working with the Institute staff. He is the author of several studies dealing with problems of analysis and prediction of social phenomena.

OLD MAN KILLED BY JERUSALEM BUS

An 80-year-old man, Rahamim Dayan, was run over and killed by a Hamekasher bus in the Romema quarter of Jerusalem yesterday morning.

The body, which bore no identification papers, was taken to Hadassah Hospital.

Later, it was identified by the victim's son, who had applied to the police to help locate his father who had failed to return home. *(Itim)*

ABBA AVRAMOVSKY BURIED IN TEL AVIV

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The funeral of Mr. Abba Avramovsky, the lawyer who died yesterday at the age of 48, took place at the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery today.

The Chief Chaplain to the Forces, the Attorney General, judges, high-ranking army and police officers and many lawyers attended the funeral.

Perjury Case Against Kastner Opens Before J'lem Magistrate

By MACCABEE KASKIN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

The preliminary investigation into a private criminal charge of perjury brought against Dr. Israel Kastner by Mr. Malkiel Greenwald opened yesterday in Jerusalem before Chief Magistrate Moshe Pereiz.

Mr. Shmuel Tamir, who defended Mr. Greenwald in the State-Greenwald trial during which the alleged perjury was committed, is again appearing for Mr. Greenwald. He read selected excerpts from the protocol of the trial in his attempt to prove that Dr. Kastner had lied when he stated:

When I was at Nuremberg the first time and the second time I did not testify before the International Military Tribunal, its institutions nor any one of its services... I did not give any formal testimony nor did I submit a sworn statement in favour of Standartenfuehrer Kurt Becher (head of the economic branch of the S.S. in Budapest during the mass deportations and massacre of Hungarian Jewry).

Mr. Michael Caspi, of Tel Aviv, is defending Dr. Kastner.

The excerpts were submitted through Mr. Shlomo Shamash, usher in the Jerusalem District Court (where Dr. Benjamin Halevi, President of the Court, gave judgment exonerating Mr. Greenwald on three charges of libelling Dr. Kastner and finding him guilty on a fourth charge).

Mr. Tamir declared that Dr. Kastner had made a sworn statement for Becher at the Tribunal, and not, as Dr. Kastner claimed, at a denazification court after Becher had been cleared of all charges of war guilt.

The statement, dated August 4, 1947, read in part:

I did not doubt for one moment the good intentions of Becher... when he comes before the court he deserves the fullest possible consideration.

The statement was signed by Dr. Kastner in the name of the Jewish Agency and the World Jewish Congress.

Mr. Tamir also read from the protocol of the Greenwald trial to show that Dr. Kastner had written to the late Eliezer Kaplan (Jewish Agency Treasurer in 1947 and Minister of Finance after the establishment of the State) that Becher had been freed due to his (Dr. Kastner's) "personal intervention." Later, Dr. Kastner had testified that he might have written to Kaplan in a pretentious and loose style without regard to the facts.

The second witness yesterday, Mr. Arye Marinsky, a member of Mr. Tamir's law firm, was asked by Mr. Caspi whether he knew Dr. Robert M. Kempner, deputy to General Telford Taylor, U.N. Chief of Counsel at the Tribunal. Mr. Tamir objected on the grounds of "privileged communications," adding that Dr. Kempner had written him letters which he did not care to submit to the court at this time.

Mr. Caspi charged that the reason for not submitting them was that they contained a statement by Dr. Kempner that Becher had not been tried by the Tribunal. Mr. Tamir said that the letters would be "a surprise."

The third witness called by Mr. Tamir, Mr. Zvi Siegel, a lawyer, who arranged legal matters for Israelis in Germany at the beginning of 1954, told how he went from Munich to Nuremberg at the request of Mr. Tamir to obtain the sworn statement. He obtained a duplicate of an "approved copy" from the Kurt Becher file, but he did not know if the file had been submitted to the Tribunal or the denazification court, or if the evidence from both had been in the same file.

At the request of Mr. Tamir, who has to appear in the Supreme Court today in another case, the continuation of the hearing was postponed until tomorrow.

Perjury charge brought by Mr. Malkiel Greenwald (seated) against Dr. Israel Kastner (wearing glasses) was heard yesterday in the Jerusalem Magistrates Court, which is conducting the preliminary investigation.
Photo by Rubinger

Yatom Claims Poison Charge 'Just Gossip'

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Genia Yatom, 49, accused of the murder of three persons and the attempted murder of another, appeared before Examining Magistrate B. Giladi today, and pleaded "not guilty." Mr. A. Heter-Ishai, for the prisoner, termed the charges "sheer nonsense," and "nothing but gossip."

The prisoner is charged with poisoning Eliezer Goldenberg, at the King David Hotel in Natanya on September 29 of last year, seven-year-old Yoram Yarkoni, on October 24, two-and-a-half year-old Shaul Strasberg, on November 5, and attempting to poison Arie Fisher, a teacher, on December 26, 1954. The last three named are all of Kibbutz Ma'barot, of which the prisoner was a founder member.

The blonde, slightly greying, blue-eyed Genia Yatom, dressed in a green sweater and brown skirt, covered her face with a white veil as she entered the court. She was brought from the Be'er Ya'acov hospital, where she has been under the examination of Dr. R. Mayer, its director since her detention, two months ago.

Dr. Mayer reported that he had found her "not insane," though that decision was not final, and he asked for her to be examined further by another physician.

Mr. Hoter-Ishai said that his client considered herself sane.

The prosecution, represented by the Assistant District Attorney Mrs. V. Ostrovsky-Cohen, asked to have the accused remanded to a mental hospital for further examination. This request was granted after the defence raised no objections.

Yatom heard the decision without any sign of emotion, and was perfectly composed throughout.

The hearing will be resumed on February 28.

Arms Fund Gets Its Pound of Flesh

Convalescents and vacationers at the Motza rest home are contributing "pounds of flesh" to the Defence Fund campaign. Basing their contributions on a calculation worked out by a Jerusalem engineer, Mr. Yitzhak Rabinowicz, the guests at the home contribute IL1 for each kilogram of weight put on or taken off during their stay — depending on their goal.

The unfortunates whose weight remains static pay only a IL1 "consolation" donation.

Rivka and Avraham Guber of Kfar Warburg, are giving their house, 12 dunams of land, agricultural equipment, and their membership shares in the village to the Defence Fund. They have decided to move to one of the settlements in the Lachish development area, and to act as instructors to new immigrants.

'Citizens Must Guard Themselves in War'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Every citizen must be trained to protect himself and his family in time of war, and not rely on the authorities, Aluf-Mishne I. Amihai, Civil Defence Commander, stated at a Municipal Council meeting tonight. The Municipality would be responsible for teaching citizens to use simple fire extinguishers and first aid kit, he said.

The lobbies and bathrooms of ground and first floors of most Israel houses could provide reasonable safety, he said. Occupants of one-storey houses should dig trenches 1.8 metres deep with a covering, and the head of the family should ascertain that water and food is placed there and that access is unimpeded. Trenches should be dug in school playgrounds in addition to shelters.

Mayor H. Levanon announced that the emergency budget had been fixed at IL4m. Half this sum would be raised by the 10 per cent emergency tax to be levied once this fiscal year and once next year. The tax would be imposed on every ratepayer except tent dwellers, and where a two-room apartment is occupied by more than five persons. This proposal was approved by the Municipal Council tonight, by 15 votes to 11. Members of the opposition proposed that residents of huts in the slums be exempted from this tax, and that the wealthy pay more than 10 per cent.

3 Histadrut Firms To Buy Shoe Company

Jerusalem Post Reporter

To forestall the threatened closure of the Jerusalem Shoe Company and protect the jobs of some 300 Jerusalem workers, three Histadrut enterprises have agreed to purchase a controlling interest in the firm, it was learned yesterday. The three companies are Hamashbir Hamerkazi, Solel Boneh and Hamegaper.

The factory has been in straitened circumstances for the past 18 months due in part to disputes among the shareholders. In recent months, it has been operating at only 30 per cent capacity.

Meanwhile, Mr. J. Sugarman, who owns 25 per cent of the stock, has been concentrating his personal interest in his newly-established American-Israel Holding Company, which took up the stock of the Avnal Shoe chain, and has announced his willingness to sell his share in the Jerusalem Shoe Company.

The manager of the firm, Mr. N. Habas, finding that he could not keep the company going, sought new partners, but until pressure was brought to bear by the Municipality and the Jerusalem Labour Council on Histadrut concerns, no enterprise was interested in joining the firm.

Mr. Habas is to retain 24 per cent of the stock, while the rest will go to the three Histadrut companies, barring last-minute changes in the contract. It is expected that Mr. Habas will resign from his position as manager, and his place will be taken by a representative of Hamegaper, which produces rubber goods including Wellington boots.

Haifa Firms to Build Road Near Istanbul

HAIFA, Sunday. — Two Haifa firms have obtained a IL1.5m. road building contract in Turkey.

Mr. A. Pilaski, who has built roads for the Government, the Municipality, Rassco and the Bayside Land Corporation, and Mr. D. Schreier of the Hetzem Heavy Equipment Company, returning this week-end from Turkey, said they had been awarded a contract to macadamize an 18 km. road near Istanbul for 4.5m. Turkish pounds.

Work is to begin in April after the rains, and 150 local workers will be employed on the project. Ten Israel engineers and specialists will supervise construction.

Searching for his three-year-old brother, Shmuel, who was lost in a storm 10 days ago, Yosef Tanami, of Kibbutz Ruhama, is shown here probing the banks of a canal. Although the search for the child continues, hope has been given up that he will be found alive.

Shmuel went out to play a week ago last Friday near his home at Tselafon settlement in the Jerusalem corridor and has not been heard of since.
Photo by Schlesinger

Pre-Appearance Success For Martha Graham Troupe

By PAUL KHON

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — About a hundred men and women, wrapped in heavy winter coats, some of them with stools and chairs, were part of the long queue which formed outside the Habimah Theatre from six o'clock this morning until the box office opened at 11 a.m. They were waiting to get tickets to the Martha Graham dance performances which open at the theatre on February 15.

Because of the shortage, most of the early risers were bewailing their heavy dress by noontime. Those who risked the early morning chill, were then sunbathing on the theatre steps.

The creative modern dance troupe will give seven performances in Tel Aviv and two each in Jerusalem and Haifa. Most tickets for the Tel Aviv shows were sold out by this evening.

Only one box office dealt with the long queue which thus moved at snail's pace. At 2 p.m., the office closed, and those in the queue were issued with numbers, enabling them to re-form in the same order. Each person was permitted a maximum of eight tickets, prices ranging from IL2.400, to IL9 and, for the premiere, to IL12.

THREE LIVE SHELLS were found yesterday. One was in the former British camp near Mashavei Sadeh, and the other two near the Dagon Hotel in Ashkelon.

Cables in Brief

BANK.—The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development reported it had made 15 loans totalling $146.2m. in the last six months of 1955. This brought to $2,470m. the total amount loaned to 41 countries.

AMOK. — A 77-year-old pensioner, Carmine Cuacio, ran amok in an old age rest home in Genoa yesterday, wounding five persons with a pistol. Police found another loaded pistol and a knife in his pocket.

MISSILES. — The U.S. Secretary of the Air Force, Mr. Donald Quarles, has warned that a single guided missile, or even a one-flight bomber, could blast a target with "as much explosive force as all the World War II bombers combined." In a talk prepared for a "jet age conference" sponsored by the Air Force Association, he said, "If we are again forced into armed combat, we will use the weapons most appropriate to targets and missions."

RAINS. — Twenty Africans were killed when torrential rains caused floods and a landslide in Tanganyika on Saturday night. Fifteen of them were killed as they slept in three hillside huts destroyed by a landslide in the Usambra mountains.

TRADE. — A Polish delegation yesterday signed a trade pact with Pakistan after two weeks of negotiation.

'Your Mind is Bad' Hatoyama Told

TOKYO, Sunday (UP). — A Socialist Diet member, Mr. Eiichi Nishimura, caused a near riot at a House Budget Committee meeting, by making insulting remarks to Premier Ichiro Hatoyama.

Stopping in the middle of lengthy questioning of the Government on foreign affairs, he said sharply, "Mr. Hatoyama, don't sleep and please listen to me." The Premier looked up, raised a clenched fist to his mouth, and yawned. "I want to say one final thing," Mr. Nishimura said, "your body is half paralysed; on top of it, your mind is bad. You are a victim of political greed and this is a source of misery to the nation."

As pandemonium broke out, with many deputies shouting for retraction of the remarks, the Committee Chairman hastily adjourned the meeting.

POLICEMEN LEND A HAND ON THE LAND

TIBERIAS, Sunday. — Over 50 Northern District policemen, headed by District Commander A. Sela, today changed their uniforms for working clothes. They left their stations to join the frontier villages Gesher, Tel Katzir, Ein Gev, Ha'on, Ashdot Ya'acov and Masuda for one week to help relieve their severe shortage of hands.

Some 600 policemen in the District have volunteered to take part in the scheme. They will help villages in Galilee and the Jezreel and Beisan valleys.

F & C to Export $2m. This Year

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Sunday. — Israel this year will export chemical fertilizers and heavy chemicals to hard currency countries to the tune of $2m., as the various plants of Fertilizers & Chemicals Ltd. in the Bayside area are reaching capacity production, Mr. Alexander Goldberg, managing director of the IL30m. company, told the press today.

F & C's total output will reach IL16-17m. this year and IL18m. in 1957. The main items that make production here more expensive are the higher cost of raw materials, transport and port handling charges. While Negev phosphates are of a relatively low grade and require more expensive processing than elsewhere, they cost IL30 a ton in Haifa as compared with $9 at Sfax (North Africa) or at Akaba.

Third on Transport

The combined road and rail transport alone accounts for one third of the production cost here, Mr. Goldberg said. The opening of the rail link to Beersheba cut 30 per cent from the transport bill. If the phosphates were brought by rail direct from the mines, it would trim costs by another IL2.500 a ton.

Another drag is port handling charges which in Haifa are over 50 per cent higher than elsewhere. Amortization is also very high in chemical plants. On the other hand, labour forms only 11 per cent of the production costs, and in this respect F & C compares favourably with the most efficient plants elsewhere.

F & C exports also provide paying cargo for Israel shipping companies (this year 60,000 tons), for the railways and for the port. The enterprise today employs 1,050 men on production and construction. Exports of chemicals, fertilizers and pyrite residue are effected by the Kishon Chemicals Ltd. set up for this purpose jointly by the Palestine Economic Corporation and F & C.

NO MONEY FOR KISHON HARBOUR

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Work on the Kishon Harbour will not be resumed in the 1956-57 fiscal year, the spokesman of the Ministry of Transport said yesterday, as no budget has been allocated by the Government.

So far, IL7.5m. has been allocated for the port, of which IL3m. was spent on development and the rest on the purchase of part of the lands in the harbour area; 345 metres of quay have been built and 600 metres of breakwater.

Details from the "Salomon Report" on the Kishon Harbour were given by the spokesman, including a recommendation that the projected shipyard and the dry-dock be located at the Kishon and not as previously suggested on the Shemen beach front. The report also recommends that imports and exports be centralized in the Kishon for ships with a displacement of under 5,000 tons or for ships with special cargoes.

The report strongly urges the development of a fishing harbour in the Kishon area, and that the establishment of a "Free" area in the port is most advisable.

AGENTS' CLERKS JAILED FOR THEFT

HAIFA, Sunday. — Two customs agents' clerks, N. Eisner, and G. Birkenfeld, who pleaded guilty to stealing two truckloads of citrus crate timber from the General Bonded Warehouses Ltd., in 1953, were today sent to prison for nine months by District Court Judge B. Zohar. Most of the wood has been returned.

M. Davidovitz, the truck driver, who pleaded guilty to transporting the wood, was fined IL400 and given a nine-months suspended sentence, while M. Davidescu, a merchant who bought the stolen wood, was fined IL500 with the alternative of four months in jail.

'SHURA' MEMBERS APPEAR IN COURT

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Four members of Shurat Hamitnadvim, who are defending defamation charges filed by the Deputy Inspector General of Police, Mr. Amos Ben-Gurion, came before the District Court today. They were given a fortnight in which to prepare their defence.

The four are Dr. S. Appelbaum, Mr. E. Haetzni, Dr. S. Simonson, and Mr. H. Rappaport.

MORTGAGE BANK INCREASES DIVIDEND

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The ordinary dividend of the General Mortgage Bank for 1955 increased to 7 per cent (as compared with 6.5 per cent a year ago) and preference dividend to 6.5 per cent (6.25 last year), Dr. A. Barth, Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors, announced at the bank's annual meeting today.

Outstanding mortgage loans by the bank increased from IL18.6m. to IL35.7m. during 1955. The bulk of the increase was for Government-financed housing schemes and hotel building.

ISRAEL ENTERPRISES DECLARES DIVIDEND

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Israel Enterprises Incorporated has declared a dividend of $4.22 per $100 share for the fiscal year of the corporation, ending September 30, 1955, Mr. Harold L. Seligman, Vice-President of the Corporation, announced here today.

Israel Enterprises was founded in 1953, on the initiative of the Palestine Economic Corporation for investing Bond Drive funds in new and existing industries. Its total assets amount to $1.9m.

Egypt Quisling in Locust War

By H. BEN-ADI
Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA, Sunday. — Egypt deliberately failed to fight locusts now settled over hundreds of square kilometres in Sinai because they did little damage in the desert, and could be relied upon to move northwards towards Israel, an expert said here last night. As a result, there is now a definite threat to this year's excellent crops in the Negev.

Dr. Israel Peretz of the Plant Protection Department in the Ministry of Agriculture and his adjutant, Nathan Zim, came last Thursday to Beersheba to tell the representatives of the Negev local councils about the grave danger the Negev settlements will be facing in about two weeks and about the measures to be taken to destroy the enemy before it can reach the north of the country.

"Fortunately," said Dr. Peretz, who is a veteran locust fighter, "in this struggle we do not have to beg for arms from any country. We are producing our own arsenal of arms to destroy the enemy. And the poison is produced right in Beersheba in the Mahteshim chemical works."

Jordan to Sinai

The front will stretch from the Arab side of the Jordan Valley, down the Dead Sea Valley, across the Arava to the Sinai Peninsula and to El Arish and from there through the sand dunes of the Demilitarized Zone of the Nitzana area to Mashabei Sade, Revivim and the border settlements along the Gaza Strip.

According to information received from the London centre of the Anti-Locust League, swarms of locusts covering hundreds of square kilometres are massed in the El Arish and Sinai area. This may be a typical Arab exaggeration but nevertheless the danger is very grave. Not from the full-grown locusts which have settled there, but from the eggs the females have laid. Half of the locust population is female, and each can lay from 120-150 eggs, which means that the present number of locusts will be increased 50 to 70 times by the time they are hatched.

This threatening locust invasion is just as much part of an Egyptian plan to harm Israel as their purchase of arms from Russia, he said.

Once the larvae of the locusts have been hatched, they reach the "hopper" stage and then they are the most dangerous. Hoppers cannot fly, they only crawl and hop, but their speed is up to 8 kms. per hour and their voracity even exceeds their speed.

Due to the fantastic number of hoppers — layer upon layer of them — contact poison causes very little harm and stomach poison has to be employed to fight them successfully.

Information and organization are the most important factors in the coming battle. Our intelligence service in the settlements has to be on the alert because each undetected hour of approach will mean so many millions of hoppers so many kilometres closer to the settlements. And once the hoppers reach a settlement, its crop will be lost whether they eat it or not, as the poison spread on the crops makes them unfit for human or animal consumption.

This time the Plant Protection Department will be ready with everything. The defence budget is available in advance. The ammunition stores in Beersheba are well stocked, the spraying machines are standing by, enough transport is available and there is no shortage of workers.

Dr. Peretz and Mr. Zim indicated that the best time to fight the hoppers is in the early morning hours when they are still numb from the night cold. Where locust camps are spotted, three security belts of poison at 50-metre intervals will be sprayed around them, so that even if they should eat themselves through the first two belts, there is very little chance that they will get through the third.

There are few sights so unnerving as millions of hoppers advancing in close columns like millions of miniature tanks. Should the invasion take place — and the chances are 50-50 — it will again mean weeks of back-breaking work and sleepless nights for the staff of the Plant Protection Department and the Negev settlers and the danger of the loss of the winter crops which this year are doing exceedingly well.

RATION NEWS

TEL AVIV AND SOUTH — Eggs: 4, coupon 99, temp. 7. Potatoes: 1½ kg., 104, temp. 30. Fillet: 150 gms., 106, temp. 26.

We hereby wish to extend our sincere thanks to our friends and acquaintances for their expressions of sympathy in our bereavement on the death of the beloved head of our family

Dr. LUDWIG TAUB

TAUB FAMILY
Rehovot, Ramat Gan.

We regret to announce the death on February 5, of our beloved mother-in-law and grandmother

Mrs. Adelheid Michalowski

after a prolonged illness.

The funeral will leave at 1 p.m. from the Avihayil Hospital.

A. Bernheim, Jerusalem (at present San Francisco)
Lotte and Hans Schiller and children, San Francisco.

We extend our sincerest condolences
to Mr. Abe Cohen, Herzliya,
on the passing away of his
FATHER
in the U.S.A.
M. Offer
Engineering and Building Contractor

I wish to express my gratitude to
the management of the
SHELL COMPANY, HAIFA
for the kind interest and attention they gave
my late husband
AHRON BABLI ז"ל
during his illness.
Special thanks to the I.R. and P. manager.
Sima Babli

We deeply mourn the death of our beloved mother and grandmother

Minnie Michaelis (nee Borchert)

A. P. MICHAELIS and EVA nee STONE
LISA MICHAELIS
DAVID MICHAELIS

The funeral procession will leave from the Avihayil Hospital, Jerusalem, today, February 6, at 12 noon.

Please abstain from condolence visits.

Jerusalem, February 6, 1956.

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Saturday, February 11
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TICKETS at I.P.O. Offices, 56 Allenby Rd. Tel Aviv, 11-2, 4-6 daily.

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Arabs Exploit U.S. Climate

By JESSE ZEL LURIE
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW YORK, —

BY the time this letter is printed, Prime Minister Anthony Eden and his entourage will have come and gone. Millions of words will have been written, cabled and published about Anglo-American plans for combatting Soviet infiltration into the Middle East and bringing peace to the area, but the actual situation of Israel and the Arabs will be about where it is at this writing, one day before Eden's arrival.

Plus ca change, plus c'est la meme chose. The publication this week of the section of President Truman's memoirs dealing with Palestine from 1945 to 1948 shows that the events of the past decade have made little impression on the thinking of the men in the State Department. What the men of the Near Eastern Department were then saying to the Secretary of State about Ameri 's best interests and Zionist pressure groups and what the Secretary was passing on to President Truman is about the same as will be said this week to Mr. Dulles and President Eisenhower. Only the names have changed, and in at least one instance even the name is the same. The man who a decade ago was the head of the Palestine Desk has moved up a notch or two and is now the head of the Department of Near Eastern Affairs.

President Truman refused to take the advice of his State Department advisers because of his sympathy for six million Jewish dead and the desperate survivors in the D.P. camps. General Eisenhower, then Allied Commander, also tried to help the D.P.'s overcome the British blockade and find a haven in Palestine. (Documentation can be found in a book, "Eisenhower and the Jews," published a few years ago.) At that time President Truman's help for the Jewish National Home was almost universally acclaimed by the American people, Congress and the press for the same emotional reasons that motivated the President.

Today, the State of Israel is almost eight years old. The D.P. camps were emptied a long time ago, but the Arab refugee camps are still filled with teeming misery. Thoughtful Americans, including many Congressmen, columnists and editorial writers, know about the great strides that Israel has made and understand her security problems.

There are just as many, however, who associate Israel only with what they have read in the headlines; and headlines deal with sensational, dramatic developments.

The day-to-day news of Arab attacks and daily minor breaches of the armistice, daily Arab threats do not make front-page headlines. But Kibya, Gaza, the Kinneret and condemnation by the Security Council are headlined across this country. There is no doubt that these attacks and their universal condemnation in and out of the Security Council have diminished sympathy for Israel in this country and strengthened the hand of the pro-Arab forces.

The climate of public opinion is now such that the friends of the Arabs can claim that only a minority pressure group wants Israel to get the arms it needs to deter an Arab attack — and this claim sounds logical and is accepted by many Americans. Last Wednesday, in a large "The New York Times" advertisement, the American Friends of the Middle East said:

"...Special interest groups are seeking pledges from political leaders — mayors, governors and members of Congress—to support sending arms to Israel... The only way to assure a proper approach to this problem is for American voters to insist that the issue be taken out of domestic politics, that elective officials of whatever party refuse to commit themselves to a policy on behalf of either party to the Middle Eastern controversy... We therefore appeal to every American citizen regardless of race or religion to put the interests of the United States and of peace above all other considerations."

On the very day this ad appeared, the "Times" front page carried this headline: "DULLES WOULD BAR ISRAEL-ARAB ISSUE DURING CAMPAIGN." Obviously, Mr. Dulles agrees with AFME that those who are urging him to sell aircraft to Israel to prevent an Egyptian attack are not acting in the best interests of the U.S.

Mr. Dulles will not sell Israel the arms it wants nor will he negotiate a security pact with Israel. And Mr. Dulles does not think that the friends of Israel can do him or his party any harm politically in this presidential election year.

An Israel spokesman said here on Friday that Ambassador Eban had made "no progress" in his request for arms and a pact at the interview with Mr. Dulles last week. It is clear that no progress may be expected along these lines for a long time.

Most Americans have no idea what the Soviet arming of Egypt means. All they have heard about is the successful Israel reprisal attacks. The Israel public information officers here are a hard-working group, pointing out the danger, all of which is swept away in one day by the killing of 56 Syrians on the shores of the Kinneret.

Talk for the Headlines

What the Israelis here lack is a flair for the dramatic. In the recent Security Council debate, the Syrian representative initiated the debate by proposing a resolution demanding Israel's expulsion and sanctions. He knew no Council member would sponsor the resolution and it therefore would have no legal status, but no matter, it made big, black headlines and created an anti-Israel impression in the public mind. When the shoe was on the other foot and Israel the accusing party, Mr. Eban would not publicly propose a resolution unless he had assurance of sponsorship.

Then the Syrian left himself wide open. He said toward the end of the debate: "I must state that there are no frontiers between Syria and Israel . . . I should like to tell Israel from the table of the Council that Israel has no legal or political status, not only on Lake Tiberias, but on every inch that lies now under the control of Israel."

To this Mr. Eban should have said: "So long as the Council does not condemn this threat by Syria, made at the Council table, to destroy a neighbouring state, there is nothing more for me today here." And he should have walked out, returning at the next session.

Mr. Eban had nothing to lose. The Council members had already stated their condemnation of the Lake Tiberias attack. But he would have placed the Syrian statement and Israel's interpretation on the front page of every paper in the country, and the Council members could not have ignored it as they did. As it turned out, Mr. Eban's rejoinder, made in the midst of an hour-long speech, went unreported and was heard only by the few score people in the Council chamber.

From the Truman Memoirs: Years of Trial and Hope

THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE

THE stage was now set for the active 1948 Presidential campaign. While I knew that the Southern dissenters and the Wallaceites would cost some Democratic votes, my opponent was the Republican Party. The campaign was built on one issue — the interests of the people, as represented by the Democrats, against the special interests, as represented by the Republicans and the record of the 18th Congress. I staked the race for the Presidency on that one issue.

On September 17 I began an extended tour. I had warned my staff and the reporters who prepared to make the trip with me that I was going out to win the election. "I'm going to fight hard," I told Senator Barkley. "I'm going to give them hell." We would be on the road most of the time for the next six weeks, getting up at all hours to make stops at any place where people wanted to see me.

At first, the critics referred to my tour as a "one-man circus" and called it less efficient and less dignified than the campaign being put on by the Republicans. But as the crowds grew larger and larger and more people flocked to my train than showed up around the Dewey train, our opponents began to get worried.

It was quite a campaign. I worked my staff almost to death. I believe that at one time or another I put them all to bed, and despite its long hours and hard work I gained weight in the campaign. I worked the reporters very hard, too.

As the campaign gathered speed, I stepped up my schedule of the whistle-stops. In all, I travelled about 31,000 km. and delivered more than 300 speeches —356 to be exact. I was used to hard work, and my job was cut out for me. I campaigned for 35 days and averaged about 10 speeches every day. On one single day I delivered 16 speeches.

Twelve to fifteen million people gathered in big crowds and small groups along the railroad junctions and stops from one end of the country to the other. Sometimes I would bring Mrs. Truman and Margaret, who were making their first tour with me, out on the rear platform to meet the crowds. At other times I would speak for a few minutes alone before the train started off for the next stop.

My one-man crusade took effect. The people responded with increasing enthusiasm as the day of election neared. I never doubted that they would vote for me, although my advisers were still not optimistic and the polls continued to hack away at my chances of getting elected.

• • •

On October 31, 1948, I returned from the bedlam of the longest and hardest political campaign of my career to the restful quiet of my home in Independence. The tumultuous weeks of speech-making, hand-shaking, and travelling day and night had culminated in St. Louis the night before in a tremendous rally.

The following night I spoke from the living room of my home to about 70m. Americans listening over the four major radio networks.

With this, I was through. There was nothing to do but wait for the results.

At 4.30 in the afternoon on Election Day, Jim Rowley and Henry Nicholson, who were first and second in command of the White House Secret Service detail, drove with me from my home down to The Elms Hotel at Excelsior Springs, Mo., a resort about 30 kms. northeast of Kansas City. We had slipped away from the reporters, who spent the rest of the night trying to find me. They kept telephoning my family at Independence hoping to get some information. At Excelsior Springs, after taking a Turkish bath, I went upstairs to my room at 6.30, had a ham sandwich and a glass of milk, turned on the radio to listen to some of the Eastern returns, and then went to bed. I was reported some thousands ahead.

I awoke at midnight and again listened to the radio broadcast of Mr. H. V. Kaltenborn. I was about 1,200,000 ahead on the count, but according to this broadcaster, was still undoubtedly beaten.

About 4 o'clock in the morning, Rowley came into my room and advised me to tune in again on Kaltenborn's broadcast. I did so, and learned that at that time I was over 2,000,000 ahead, but the commentator continued to say he couldn't see how I could be elected.

I told Rowley and Nicholson that we had better go back to Kansas City, because it looked very much as if we were in for another four years, and we arrived in Kansas City at about six o'clock Wednesday morning, November 3. At 10.30 I received a telegram from Governor Dewey congratulating me on my election.

• • •

THE greatest achievement was winning without the extreme radicals in the party and without the Solid South. It is customary for a politician to say that he wants all the votes he can get, but I was happy and pleased to be elected to the Presidency by a Democratic Party that did not depend upon either the extreme left wing or the Southern bloc. And, of course, I did not want the reactionary votes which went for my Republican opponent.

It was an historic victory for the Party. The Democrats recaptured the Republican House by a landslide and obtained control of the Senate. My long campaign against the 80th Congress had convinced the voters that a turnover was necessary, and I was given an overwhelmingly Democratic Congress to replace the one which had blocked the Administration's domestic progress for two years.

Inauguration Day, January 20, 1949, started with a breakfast with 97 veterans of Battery D, which I commanded in France in 1918. These friends of World War I crowded around me, shaking my hand and calling me "Mr. President," until I put a stop to it. "We'll have none of that here," I told them, and insisted that they call me "Captain Harry" as they had done in the Argonne 30 years before.

The oath-taking ceremony was scheduled for noon, but in the rotunda of the Capitol the gathering of diplomats, members of Congress, Justices of the Supreme Court, and Governmental officials was so great, and so many amenities had to be exchanged, that the signal for the Marine Band to play "Hail to the Chief" was not actually given until 12:14.

More than 100,000 persons, it was estimated, filled the great open space between the Capitol, the Supreme Court Building and the Congressional Library.

The words were the same that I had repeated three years and nine months earlier when I had been called so unexpectedly to the White House, but then only a handful of people were with me in the Cabinet Room.

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Readers' Letters

TAX ON FLATS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — A Mapai Committee has suggested a special tax on flats exceeding 80 square metres.

This may be justified in the many cases where small families occupy large flats but surely a relation of space to the number of persons sharing a home must be borne in mind. A great number of large families have after years of struggle at last acquired decent living space and are already very hard pressed to pay off the heavy loans they had to contract to finance the acquisition of a home. Such flats are no luxury and these people can hardly be expected to add to their already heavy financial burden.

Yours, etc.
WORRIED
(Name and Address Supplied)
Tel Aviv, January 20.

MAILBOXES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Every precaution should be taken to ensure the delivery of letters, even if they are not registered. I recently witnessed a small incident: it was about 6 p.m. when I saw how a mailbox was being emptied. The letters had already been taken out but the man had difficulty in reclosing the lock. Finally the driver came to his assistance; the man took the letters from between his knees, and both hurried away. The man then seemed to feel that something had fallen and actually there was a letter lying on the ground; he looked for more, but couldn't find anything, because it was too dark.

This certainly is not a good or safe way to collect letters.

The Minister of Posts will remember how letters were collected in Europe. A special sack with a metal frame was attached to the letter box, and this ensured that no letter could possibly be lost. To have this or any similar arrangement made here will take time and cost some money, but meanwhile I propose that a strict order should be issued that under no circumstances may letters be carried by hand — only in padlocked sacks.

Yours, etc.
I. R.
Haifa.

Post Office Replies

There are strict regulations that mailboxes may be emptied only into sacks and steps are now being taken to see that these regulations are carried out. As to your correspondent's suggestion, we did give this consideration at the time, but decided that the arrangement is not necessary as the use of sacks when emptying the mailboxes is intended to prevent the loss of letters during this operation.

Post Office Management
Jerusalem, January 13.

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KEEPING POSTED

WE lost a friend this week, who met an untimely end at the hands of the Municipal dog-catcher despite collar, licence number and inoculation tag, more documentation than even a human is required to have. And what was the reason? Love. Misplaced love. It seems that round the corner there lives a small white terrier with curly hair who was at that time enjoying great popularity. Her owner exercised her in the garden but took offence when she attracted a string of admirers. A few of these were either genuinely homeless or simply overcome by passion and spent the night outside the house, howling at the moon or the bitch — not too strong a word on this occasion — who yelped back. It was pandemonium. The ring-leaders of the visiting dogs was a large tawny animal with a black collar, who howled for three days and three nights, claims the owner of the little white lady. He called up the municipality to take away the stray. The stray probably overheard the conversation, for he disappeared. In the meantime our friend, also large and tawny, but with a collar of white metal links, who had spent the previous three days either at home or on carefully supervised excursions which he tried to direct towards the house round the corner, got out through the kitchen window and rushed off to the girl friend. He got there just in time to meet the dog-catcher and be pointed out as the dog who had been around. When perfect strangers sought to catch him, he tried to bite. Wouldn't you? Being a harmless and inquisitive creature, he was enticed into the wagon and taken away. After the dog had thus gone to his death, the owner of the bitch decided it was time to send her to the dogs' home for a fortnight's rest-cure. One more stable locked after the horse was stolen, but it was the wrong horse they got.

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THE real fame of this dog, as a matter of fact, derived from the strange circumstance that he gave his name to a human being, if only by accident. When he was small and yellow and had large paws the family with whom he elected to live gave him a name that is one of the many old words for "lion" in Hebrew. Some little while later one of the radio announcers was

on the lookout for a Hebrew name and a colleague who knew our friend said innocently "such-and-such is another version of lion that I've heard used for a name lately and rather like your old one." Since then, whenever the dog heard this announcer's voice he ran up to the radio and sat down in front of it, grinning in anticipation of the moment when the voice would say his name and he could acknowledge the compliment with a wag of his tail.

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BUT in order that his disappearance should not have been entirely in vain, the next ILS that would have gone on bones for him in time have gone instead to the Defence Fund, as a modest and appropriate memorial.

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THE sanctity of the Sabbath in Israel will never be neglected as long as Mr. Yitzhak Raphael is in the Knesset. Last week he pressed Mrs. Golda Myerson, Minister of Labour, to say how it was that of the 83 employees in Haifa Port authorized to work on the Sabbath on essential duties eight were working on "tree-planting" ("mata'im")? Firmly but with a quiet smile, she replied that only 36 men were authorized to work on the Sabbath. As for the eight "tree-planters," they were merely a typographical error in the authorizing document. They were permitted to work in the department of "mit'anim" (loading) — a difference of only a single letter that had been accidentally omitted — but a job that is often essential to the operating of the Port.

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AN acquaintance who lost her watch recently rang up the Police to notify them of the loss in the faint hope that perhaps some well-intentioned person would find it and take it there. It was not at all easy to get through a department willing to

interest itself in a lost watch, and several times she found herself back at the main switchboard. Finally the operator said "What did you say you lost?" "I've lost the department," and she gave up.

Today's contributors include C.W. and J.J., Jerusalem.

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Why Will The Doctors Strike?

All employed doctors belonging to the Israel Medical Association have announced a general strike to begin on Tuesday, February 7, 1956, at 7 a.m. and continue until the Government implements its decisions of September 1955. This strike will include all hospitals, clinics, Kupat Holim centres etc. It is not directed against the public but is designed to protect the rights of doctors and to insure them and their families a fair livelihood.

The general strike has been declared after the Government has twice broken clear and detailed agreements in the past year—first that regarding the date at which the new salary scale would become effective and again when the Government decided to invalidate its decisions of September 1955 regarding the recommendations of the Aranne Committee on Doctors' Salaries. The decisions of this committee, which were confirmed by Prime Minister D. Ben-Gurion on January 9, 1956, were accepted unanimously after consideration of all relevant factors, including the economic situation, which were then already clearly apparent, and with the participation of representatives of the Ministry of Finance, Civil Service Commission, the Executive Committee of the General Federation of Jewish Labour, medical institutions and the doctors' representatives. The acceptance of these conclusions by the doctors in itself involved far-reaching concessions.

The new Government's decisions which invalidate the decisions and commitments of September 1955, involve the lowering of a salary scale which has already been confirmed and put into effect. The present suggestions contain nothing new, and were already proposed by the Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, and presented to the National Emergency Council of the Israel Medical Association on January 26, 1956, and unanimously rejected then.

Owing to the resulting lack of confidence, there is no basis for discussion of the suggestion that the Aranne Committee's conclusions should become effective in 1957. The doctors cannot accept as an argument the existence of the emergency for this affects the entire population and not only the doctors, while yet the Government has agreed to raise the pay levels of all other workers at a total cost of IL50,000,000 net, while the execution of the new wage scheme for doctors and professional workers will amount to approximately IL3,000,000.

While announcing the strike the Israel Medical Association has made arrangements for all emergency medical treatment in hospitals for social cases and all persons insured by the various Kupat Holim plans who will receive medical treatment at home or at clinics. Full medical services will be available for security personnel.

No means of intimidation or threat of sanctions will discourage the doctors in their battle to insure their rights. The doctors will fight any attempt to disregard their status, the prestige of the medical profession or their social position, and will stand strong and united.

A democratic government which desires the confidence of the public cannot ignore and fail to honour its commitments. The government alone will therefore stand responsible for severe interruption of Israel's medical services.

ISRAEL MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
Central Committee

Dr. Max Neumier
formerly of Mannheim
Please contact:
MR. LEOPOLD KAHN,
3 Rehov Hashahaf, Bat Galim
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